

**INDIGO
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
Indigo Community Development District
Volusia County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Indigo Community Development District, Volusia County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 6 and other notes to the basic financial statements, the debt service fund had a deficit fund balance of (\$1,956,219) at September 30, 2019. Major landowners within the District failed to pay their share of the current and prior fiscal year assessments. As a result, the District did not have sufficient funds to make certain scheduled debt service payments and, as a result, the payments were not made. The District's failures to make its scheduled debt service payments when they are due are considered events of default. The District is economically dependent on its major Landowners. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 18, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 18, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Indigo Community Development District, Volusia County, Florida ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities of the District exceeded its assets at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 resulting in a (deficit) net position balance of (\$7,345,490).
- The change in the District's total net position in comparison with the prior fiscal year was (\$616,006), a decrease. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$943,178, a decrease of (\$813,488) in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance is non-spendable for prepaid items, restricted for capital projects, unassigned deficit debt service fund balance, assigned for subsequent year's expenditures and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by special assessment revenues. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the general government (management) and maintenance functions.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three governmental funds for external reporting. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, all of which are considered major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

	NET POSITION	
	SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 4,179,288	\$ 6,786,579
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,870,635	4,144,239
Total assets	<u>8,049,923</u>	<u>10,930,818</u>
Current liabilities	3,591,767	5,366,439
Long-term liabilities	11,803,646	12,293,863
Total liabilities	<u>15,395,413</u>	<u>17,660,302</u>
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(7,933,011)	(8,149,624)
Restricted	148,102	147,677
Unrestricted	439,419	1,272,463
Total net position	<u>\$ (7,345,490)</u>	<u>\$ (6,729,484)</u>

The District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The District's net position decreased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the decrease represents the extent to which the cost of operations and depreciation expense exceeded ongoing program revenues.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 1,645,566	\$ 4,738,769
Operating grants and contributions	69,745	19,709
Capital grants and contributions	425	338
General revenues		
Unrestricted investment earnings	20,416	6,022
Total revenues	<u>1,736,152</u>	<u>4,764,838</u>
Expenses:		
General government	280,510	235,614
Maintenance and operations	1,191,708	1,193,396
Interest on long-term debt	879,940	874,798
Total expenses	<u>2,352,158</u>	<u>2,303,808</u>
Change in net position	<u>(616,006)</u>	<u>2,461,030</u>
Net position - beginning	<u>(6,729,484)</u>	<u>(9,190,514)</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$ (7,345,490)</u>	<u>\$ (6,729,484)</u>

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was \$2,352,158. The costs of the District's activities were primarily funded by program revenues. Program revenues, comprised primarily of assessments, decreased from the prior fiscal year primarily as a result of collecting a large portion of delinquent assessments during the prior fiscal year. Expenditures increased as a result of increased general governmental expenses associated with bond default costs incurred in the current fiscal year.

GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The general fund budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was amended to increase revenues by \$63,139, increase appropriations by \$12,685, and decreased other financing sources by (\$50,454). Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2019, the District had \$7,622,700 invested in capital assets for its governmental activities. In the government-wide financial statements depreciation of \$3,752,065 has been taken, which resulted in a net book value of \$3,870,635. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

Capital Debt

At September 30, 2019, the District had \$13,260,000 in Bonds outstanding. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND OTHER EVENTS

As discussed in the notes to the basic financial statements, the debt service fund had a deficit fund balance of (\$1,956,219) at September 30, 2019. Major landowners within the District failed to pay their share of the current and prior fiscal year assessments. As a result, the District did not have sufficient funds to make certain scheduled debt service payments and, as a result, the payments were not made. The District's failures to make its scheduled debt service payments when they are due are considered events of default. The District continues to work with the Trustee, the Bondholders, and the delinquent property owners for the collection of debt service assessments. Due to the cost and other issues surrounding the foreclosure of the delinquent properties, the District continues to take direction from the Trustee and Bondholders. The foreclosure process is ongoing.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, land owners, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Indigo Community Development District's Finance Department at 475 West Town Place, Suite 114, St. Augustine, Florida 32092.

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 79,776
Investments	2,694,623
Assessments receivable	3,674
Prepaid items	19,878
Restricted assets:	
Investments	1,381,337
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	2,507,717
Depreciable, net	1,362,918
Total assets	8,049,923
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	46,291
Accrued interest payable	355,657
Due to Bondholders:	
Interest	1,804,819
Principal	1,385,000
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year*	525,000
Due in more than one year	11,278,646
Total liabilities	15,395,413
 NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	(7,933,011)
Restricted for capital projects	148,102
Unrestricted	439,419
Total net position	\$ (7,345,490)

* The missed debt service payments due for the Series 1999C and 2005 Bonds are reflected in the due to Bondholders account.

See notes to the financial statements

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 280,510	\$ 280,510	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Maintenance and operations	1,191,708	511,689	13,069	425	(666,525)
Interest on long-term debt	879,940	853,367	56,676	-	30,103
Total governmental activities	2,352,158	1,645,566	69,745	425	(636,422)
General revenues:					
Unrestricted investment earnings					20,416
Total general revenues					20,416
Change in net position					(616,006)
Net position - beginning					(6,729,484)
Net position - ending					\$ (7,345,490)

See notes to the financial statements

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Major Funds			Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 79,776	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,776
Investments	2,694,623	1,233,235	148,102	4,075,960
Assessments receivable	3,309	365	-	3,674
Prepaid items	19,878	-	-	19,878
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,797,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,233,600</u>	<u>\$ 148,102</u>	<u>\$ 4,179,288</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 46,291	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,291
Due to Bondholders	-	3,189,819	-	3,189,819
Total liabilities	<u>46,291</u>	<u>3,189,819</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,236,110</u>
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items	19,878	-	-	19,878
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	-	-	148,102	148,102
Assigned for:				
Subsequent year's expenditures	365,450	-	-	365,450
Unassigned	2,365,967	(1,956,219)	-	409,748
Total fund balances	<u>2,751,295</u>	<u>(1,956,219)</u>	<u>148,102</u>	<u>943,178</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 2,797,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,233,600</u>	<u>\$ 148,102</u>	<u>\$ 4,179,288</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Total fund balance - governmental funds \$ 943,178

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net position of the government as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	7,622,700	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,752,065)</u>	3,870,635

Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued interest payable	(355,657)	
Bonds payable *	<u>(11,803,646)</u>	<u>(12,159,303)</u>
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (7,345,490)</u>

* The missed debt service payments due for the Series 1999C and 2005 Bonds are reflected in the due to Bondholders account.

See notes to the financial statements

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Major Funds			Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
REVENUES				
Assessments	\$ 792,199	\$ 853,367	\$ -	\$ 1,645,566
Miscellaneous income	13,069	-	-	13,069
Interest	20,416	56,676	425	77,517
Total revenues	<u>825,684</u>	<u>910,043</u>	<u>425</u>	<u>1,736,152</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	196,664	83,846	-	280,510
Maintenance	918,104	-	-	918,104
Debt service:				
Principal	-	495,000	-	495,000
Interest	-	856,026	-	856,026
Total expenditures	<u>1,114,768</u>	<u>1,434,872</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,549,640</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(289,084)	(524,829)	425	(813,488)
Fund balances - beginning	<u>3,040,379</u>	<u>(1,431,390)</u>	<u>147,677</u>	<u>1,756,666</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 2,751,295</u>	<u>\$ (1,956,219)</u>	<u>\$ 148,102</u>	<u>\$ 943,178</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(813,488)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.		(273,604)
Expenditures related to debt service payments must be recognized in governmental funds in the period in which they become due, therefore amounts not paid were recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements. The liability has already been recorded on the statement of net position.		495,000
The change in accrued interest on long-term liabilities between the current and prior fiscal year is recorded in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental fund financial statements.		(19,131)
Amortization of Bond discounts/premiums is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.		(4,783)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>(616,006)</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

Indigo Community Development District ("District") was created January 3, 1995 by Rule 42U-1.001 - 1.003, Florida Administrative Code of the Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The Act provides among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, power to borrow money and issue Bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure.

The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("Board"), which is composed of five members. The Supervisors were elected by residents registered to vote within the District through the general election process. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercise all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

The Board has the responsibility for, among other responsibilities:

1. Assessing and levying assessments.
2. Approving budgets.
3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District is considered to be financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefited property within the District. Operating and maintenance assessments are based upon the adopted budget and levied annually at a public hearing of the District. Debt service assessments are levied when Bonds are issued and collected on an annual basis. The District may collect assessments directly or utilize the uniform method of collection under Florida Statutes. Direct collected assessments are due as determined by annual assessment resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors. Assessments collected under the uniform method are mailed by the County Tax Collector on November 1 and due on or before March 31 of each year. Property owners may prepay a portion or all of the debt service assessments on their property subject to various provisions in the Bond documents.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major infrastructure within the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits (interest and non-interest bearing).

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Inter-local Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The State Board of Administration's ("SBA") Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME") is a "2a-7 like" pool. A "2a-7 like" pool is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, which comprises the rules governing money market funds. Thus, the pool operates essentially as a money market fund. The District has reported its investment in Florida PRIME at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the government activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Entry feature and other improvements	10-20
Infrastructure	10-30

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized ratably over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The District can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned fund balance – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity/Net Position (Continued)

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted to obtain public comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board, subject to the District's appropriation resolution.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Investments

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2019:

	Amortized	Credit Risk	Maturities
US Bank Money Market Fund	\$ 345,991	N/A	N/A
US Bank Money Market Account - Managed	1,107,306	N/A	N/A
Florida PRIME	2,622,663	S&P AAAm	Weighted average maturity: 37 days
	<u>\$ 4,075,960</u>		

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit risk – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

Concentration risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Interest rate risk – The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

However, the Bond Indenture limits the type of investments held using unspent proceeds.

Fair Value Measurement – When applicable, the District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the District has the ability to access;
- *Level 2:* Investments whose inputs - other than quoted market prices - are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- *Level 3:* Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Money market investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and are held by governments other than external investment pools should be measured at amortized cost. For external investment pools that qualify to be measured at amortized cost, the pool's participants should also measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the District's investments have been reported at amortized cost above.

External Investment Pool – With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that “The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days.” With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental activities</u>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,507,717	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,507,717
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>2,507,717</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,507,717</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Entrance and other improvements	1,872,969	-	-	1,872,969
Infrastructure	<u>3,242,014</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,242,014</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>5,114,983</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,114,983</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Entrance and other improvements	1,376,790	151,594	-	1,528,384
Infrastructure	<u>2,101,671</u>	<u>122,010</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,223,681</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>3,478,461</u>	<u>273,604</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,752,065</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>1,636,522</u>	<u>(273,604)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,362,918</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 4,144,239</u>	<u>\$ (273,604)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,870,635</u>

The District is bifurcated into two distinct development areas known as the North Assessment Area and the South Assessment Area. The District's Series 1999C funded all of the Community Wide Capital Improvements situated in the North Assessment Area and a portion of the Community Wide Capital Improvements situated in the South Assessment Area. The remaining costs of the Community Wide Capital Improvements for the South Assessment Areas have been estimated at \$35 million. A portion of the costs was to be funded with the proceeds from the Series 2005 Bonds (the "2005 Project") and the remaining costs were to be funded with proceeds from a future bond issuance and by the Developer.

The 2005 Project was originally estimated at \$12 million and included roadway, utility, and landscape projects located in the South Assessment Area. However, due to economic reasons, the scope of the project was revised and improvements costing a total of \$6,306,958 were declared completed ("2005 Completed Project") in a prior fiscal year. Also in a prior fiscal year, the series 1999C Project was declared completed. The Series 1999C project was also revised and the total cost of the improvements completed under the Series 1999C Project ("1999C Completed Project") was approximately \$7,183,238. The Engineer certified that the Series 1999C and 2005 Completed Projects will be capable of performing the functions for which they were intended. Due to the default of the series 1999C and 2005 Special Assessments by the Developer and subsequent landowners, the overall timeline for the plan of development has changed and it has been determined that it is economically infeasible to continue expanding the public infrastructure at the present time.

Also in a prior fiscal year, subsequent to the declaration of completion of the 1999C and 2005 projects, \$6,800,000 of excess fund remaining in the Construction Accounts were used to pay down the outstanding principal on Series 2005 Bonds.

Depreciation expense was charged to the maintenance and operations function.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At September 30, 2019, the District had Bond issues as follows:

Series	Issue Date	Original Face Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity
Capital Improvement Bonds:				
Series 1999A	December 20, 1999	\$ 980,000	7.00%	May 1, 2031
Series 1999C	December 20, 1999	8,515,000	7.00%	May 1, 2030
Series 2005	February 1, 2005	14,710,000	5.75%	May 1, 2036

The Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 1999A, 1999C and 2005A were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District.

Interest is to be paid semiannually for each Bond series on each May 1 and November 1. Principal is to be paid serially for each Bond series on each May 1.

The Series 1999A, 1999C, and 2005 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to maturity. Each Bond Series is subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond Indenture.

The Bond Indentures established debt service reserve requirements as well as other restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agreed at the time of issuance to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements and has agreed to collect the same. The Series 1999A debt service reserve requirements were met at September 30, 2019. However, the Series 1999C and 2005 debt service reserve requirements were not met at September 30, 2019.

During prior and current fiscal years, there were significant delinquent assessments, and, as a result, certain scheduled debt service payments due on the Series 1999C and 2005 during prior fiscal years were made, in part, by draws on the respective debt service reserve account. Also, default related expenses were paid from funds in the debt service reserve accounts. As a result of these payments, there are deficits of approximately \$644,000 and \$359,000 in the Series 1999C and Series 2005 debt service reserve accounts, respectively. Furthermore, certain scheduled debt service payments due on the Series 1999C and 2005 were not made, resulting in events of default. The amounts due have been reported in the financial statements as Due to Bondholders and reflects unpaid principals of \$945,000 and \$440,000 for the Series 1999C and 2005, respectively, and unpaid interest of \$5,075 and \$1,799,744 for the Series 1999C and 2005, respectively.

During the current fiscal year the District made interest payments of \$1,680,385 and \$1,355,170 for the Series 1999C and 2005, respectively.

Long-term Debt Activity

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental activities</u>					
Bonds payable:					
Series 1999 A	\$ 665,000	\$ -	\$ 35,000	\$ 630,000	\$ 35,000
Series 1999 C	6,660,000	-	-	6,660,000	1,525,000 *
Series 2005	5,970,000	-	-	5,970,000	350,000 *
Original issue discount	76,137	-	4,783	71,354	-
Total	<u>\$ 13,218,863</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 30,217</u>	<u>\$ 13,188,646</u>	<u>\$ 1,910,000</u>

* Includes the missed debt service payments due for the Series 1999C and 2005 Bonds which were not paid.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Long-term Debt Activity (Continued)

At September 30, 2019, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long-term debt were as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 1,910,000 *	\$ 2,653,319 *	\$ 4,563,319
2021	565,000	724,250	1,289,250
2022	600,000	687,075	1,287,075
2023	645,000	647,575	1,292,575
2024	680,000	605,113	1,285,113
2025-2029	4,195,000	2,285,050	6,480,050
2030-2034	3,035,000	883,063	3,918,063
2035-2036	1,630,000	163,013	1,793,013
Total	<u>\$ 13,260,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,648,458</u>	<u>\$ 21,908,458</u>

* Includes the missed debt service payments due for the Series 1999C and 2005 Bonds which were not paid.

NOTE 7 – ASSESSMENTS

Agreement between the District and GC Land LLC

During a prior fiscal year, the District entered into an agreement with GC Land LLC (“GC Land”), a landowner, regarding the payment of past due O&M on parcels identified as NW-21 and SW-28 that were previously direct-billed in fiscal years 2010 and 2011. According to the Agreement, past due O&M assessments on NW-21 and SW-28 were \$117,680 and \$46,931, respectively. The amount due on NW-21 is net of a \$35,000 payment that was made prior to the execution of the agreement. Pursuant to the Agreement, GC Land agreed to make monthly payments of \$3,000 toward NW-21 beginning July 31, 2015 until the earlier of the payment of \$25,000 or the sale of the NW-21. If the \$25,000 is paid before the closing of NW-21, the remaining \$92,680 balance (the “Deferred Amount”) will be deferred until the closing and sale of SW-28. If SW-28 is not sold by April 30, 2016, GC Land will recommence paying the monthly installment payments to reduce the Deferred Amount. GC Land also agreed to pay any remaining balance of the Deferred Amount plus any current and future unpaid O&M related to SW-28 upon the closing of SW-28. The District has utilized the uniform method to collect O&M assessments for NW-21 and SW-28 since 2012. Also pursuant to the agreement, the District, with the consent of the Bondholders, agreed to waive all late fees, penalties, and interest related to the past due O&M and debt service assessments on the parcels.

In accordance with the agreement and in addition to the \$35,000 payment mentioned above, GC Land paid to the District a total of \$66,000 during prior fiscal years. During the prior fiscal year, SW-28 was sold via tax deed sale and is no longer owned by GC Land.

Settlement Agreement with Cardinal Servicing Company, LLC

During the prior fiscal year, the District entered into a settlement agreement with a new Landowner, Cardinal Servicing Company, LLC (“Cardinal”) whereby Cardinal would pay the District for a portion of the past due assessments on the lots owned and make the delinquent assessments on such lots current. Pursuant to the agreement, the District collected delinquent assessments for the general and 1999C and 2005 debt service funds in the amounts of \$411,175, \$1,560,963, and \$1,268,988, respectively.

Settlement Agreement with SW-30 Investments, LLC

During the current fiscal year the District entered a settlement agreement with SW-30 Investments, LLC (“American”) which recently took ownership of delinquent parcels 30 and 32. Pursuant to the agreement, the District received delinquent assessments on such parcels from American as follows: \$33,890 for Series 1999C debt assessments, \$69,094 for Series 2005 debt assessments, and \$65,000 for O&M assessments. The District also received \$9,500 for currently due O&M assessments. The remaining delinquent O&M assessments on the parcels were forgiven while the remaining delinquent debt assessments were assumed by American excluding all penalties and past due accrued and unpaid interest on such debt assessments which was waived. The District also agreed to forbear on the foreclosure of delinquent parcels as long as American remains current on its obligations per the agreement.

NOTE 8 – FORECLOSURE ACTION AND LITIGATION

During the current fiscal year, the District commenced foreclosure proceedings against delinquent property owners within the District, excluding parcels owned by Cardinal and American. The Trustee was informed of the District's foreclosure options and directed the District to move forward with the foreclosure on delinquent parcels that had not been subject to tax deed sales.

The District has also been named as defendant in one or more quiet title actions following the acquisition of lands by tax deed sales. The District has responded that its lien may not be extinguished via quiet title action, which the District believes to be a valid defense.

NOTE 9 – CONCENTRATION

A significant portion of the District's activity is dependent upon the continued involvement of the major landowners. As such, the nonpayment of assessments by some of the major landowners in the prior, current, and subsequent fiscal years has resulted in the deterioration of the District's financial conditions.

NOTE 10 – MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS

The District has contracted with management companies to perform management advisory services, which include financial and accounting services, and field management services. Certain employees of one of the management companies also serve as officers of the District. Under the agreements, the District compensates one of the management companies for management, accounting, financial reporting, computer and other administrative costs and the other management company for field operations management services.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. There were no settled claims during the past three years.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Missed Debt Service Payments

Subsequent to fiscal year end, certain scheduled debt service payments were due on the Series 2005 Bonds. However, shortfalls in the collection of special assessments caused there to be insufficient amounts available to fully fund the scheduled debt service payment. As a result, the Series 2005 debt service payment due on November 1, 2019 was not made. The failure by the District to pay its debt service is considered an event of default.

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Assessments	\$ 801,579	\$ 792,199	\$ 792,199	\$ -
Miscellaneous revenue	8,100	61,203	13,069	(48,134)
Interest	1,000	20,416	20,416	-
Total revenues	810,679	873,818	825,684	(48,134)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	176,093	201,540	196,664	4,876
Maintenance	934,586	921,824	918,104	3,720
Total expenditures	1,110,679	1,123,364	1,114,768	8,596
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(300,000)	(249,546)	(289,084)	(39,538)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Carryforward	300,000	249,546	-	(249,546)
Total other financing sources (uses)	300,000	249,546	-	(249,546)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(289,084)	\$ (289,084)
Fund balance - beginning			3,040,379	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 2,751,295	

See notes to required supplementary information

**INDIGO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The general fund budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was amended to increase revenues by \$63,139, increase appropriations by \$12,685, and decreased other financing sources by (\$50,454). Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors
Indigo Community Development District
Volusia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Indigo Community Development District, Volusia County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated June 18, 2020, which includes an emphasis of matter paragraph.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated June 18, 2020.

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Management Letter. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

June 18, 2020



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE
REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY
RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors
Indigo Community Development District
Volusia County, Florida

We have examined Indigo Community Development District, Volusia County, Florida's ("District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Indigo Community Development District, Volusia County, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 18, 2020



**MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF
THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors
Indigo Community Development District
Volusia County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Indigo Community Development District ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 18, 2020, which includes an emphasis of matter paragraph.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 18, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.**
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.**
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the Board of Supervisors of the District and the Auditor General of the State of Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank Indigo Community Development District, Volusia County, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.

June 18, 2020

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2019-01: Financial Condition Assessment

Observation: The District's financial conditions continue to deteriorate. The debt service fund had a deficit fund balance of (\$1,956,219) at September 30, 2019. In the prior, current, and subsequent fiscal years, major landowners in the District failed to pay significant portions of their assessments. As a result, certain debt service payments were not made. In addition, the District has not met the debt service reserve requirement. The non-payment of interest and principal payments, when due, are considered events of default. The District is economically dependent on the major landowners of the District.

Recommendation: The District should take the necessary steps to alleviate the deteriorating financial condition.

Reference Numbers for Prior Year Findings: 2018-01, 2017-01, 2016-01, 2015-01, 2014-01, 2013-2, 2012-02, 2011-02

Management Response: The District continues to work with the Trustee, the Bondholders, and the land owners of delinquent properties for the collection of debt service assessments. Due to the cost and other issues surrounding the foreclosure of the delinquent assessment properties, the District continues to take direction from the Trustee and the Bondholders.

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2018-01: Financial Condition Assessment

Current Status: See finding 2019-01 above.

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, except as noted above.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, except as noted above.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, except as noted above.

4. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA (Continued)

5. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District has met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes. The District failed to make certain scheduled debt service payments due on the Series 1999C and 2005 Bonds, as a result of a lack of funds. We applied financial condition assessment procedures pursuant to Rule 10.556(7) and determined that a deteriorating financial condition was noted. See Findings section above for additional information. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.